Gideon v. Wainwright / Inquiry-based Task: Will You Sign the Resolution?

Before you begin:

- Read Gideon v. Wainwright case summary
- Optional: Complete Classifying Arguments Activity
- Complete Sixth Amendment Analysis (Activity 1)
- Complete Opinion Analysis (Activity 2)
- Complete Newspaper Analysis (Activity 3)

Background:

As a result of the decision in Gideon v. Wainwright, states were required to set up a system to provide attorneys to defendants who could not afford them. Many states established public defenders’ offices and hired attorneys full time for this job.

Chart 3: Indigent Defense in Missouri—Hours Spent Compared to Hours Recommended

As a result of the decision in Gideon v. Wainwright, states were required to set up a system to provide attorneys to defendants who could not afford them. Many states established public defenders’ offices and hired attorneys full time for this job.

On the 50th anniversary of the decision in *Gideon v. Wainwright*, the U.S. Department of Justice issued a statement that included the following assessment: “Despite the significant progress that has been made over 50 years after the decision, the promises of *Gideon* remains unfulfilled. The quality of criminal defense services varies widely across states and localities. Many defenders struggle under excessive caseloads and lack adequate funding and independence, making it impossible for them to meet their legal and ethical obligations to represent their clients effectively.” The chart on page 1 illustrates this problem in the state of Missouri.

**Your task:**

You were recently elected as your district’s representative to the United States House of Representatives. Tomorrow you must vote on whether to support House Resolution 108.¹ To make an informed decision you should consider the following questions:

1. Read House Resolution 108 (pages 4 and 5). Do you agree with the numbered provisions? Why or why not?
   (1)
   (2)
   (3)

2. How do you think the House of Representatives might “support strategies to improve the criminal justice system to ensure that indigent defendants in all felony cases are adequately represented by counsel” as encouraged in the resolution?

3. If H.Res.108 is successful, what might the impact (if any) be? If it fails?

4. Will you vote “yea” or “nay” on H.Res.108? What informed your decision?

5. Create an “elevator speech” (a short, persuasive speech that lasts no longer than one minute) encouraging your fellow representatives to vote with you.

6. Do you think H.Res.108 passed? Why or why not?

7. What questions do you still have about H.Res.108?
H. RES. 108

Recognizing the 50th anniversary of the landmark case Gideon v. Wainwright, in which the Supreme Court held that counsel must be provided to indigent defendants in all felony cases.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 12, 2013

Mr. Deutch (for himself, Mr. Chabot, Mr. Nadler, Mr. Conyers, and Mr. Watt) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

RESOLUTION

Recognizing the 50th anniversary of the landmark case Gideon v. Wainwright, in which the Supreme Court held that counsel must be provided to indigent defendants in all felony cases.

Whereas, on March 18, 1963, the Supreme Court recognized in Gideon v. Wainwright that counsel must be provided to indigent defendants in all felony cases;

Whereas the Supreme Court held that providing counsel to indigent defendants in all felony cases meets the essential requirements of the 6th amendment to the United States Constitution;

Whereas the Supreme Court held in Argersinger v. Hamlin that indigent defendants are entitled, under the 6th
amendment to the United States Constitution, to court-appointed counsel in all cases where imprisonment is a possibility;

Whereas 50 years after the Gideon v. Wainwright decision, excessive caseloads are preventing counsel for indigent defendants from providing quality representation; and

Whereas the provision of counsel to indigent defendants often lacks fairness and increases the risk that poor people will be wrongfully convicted: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives—

(1) recognizes and honors the 50th anniversary of the decision in Gideon v. Wainwright;

(2) encourages all people in the United States to recognize and honor the 50th anniversary of the Gideon v. Wainwright decision; and

(3) supports strategies to improve the criminal justice system to ensure that indigent defendants in all felony cases are adequately represented by counsel.